# **Axles India Limited**



THIRTY NINTH ANNUAL REPORT 2020-21



# **Axles India Limited**

### **Thirty Ninth Annual Report**

#### **Registered Office**

21, Patullos Road, Chennai 600 002 CIN : U27209TN1981PLC008630 Website Address : www.axlesindia.com

#### **Factories**

Singaperumal Koil Road Sriperumbudur, Tamil Nadu 602 105

Cheyyar Taluk, Tiruvannamalai District Tamil Nadu 604 410

Banker HDFC Bank Limited

#### **Registrars & Share Transfer Agents**

Cameo Corporate Services Limited "Subramanian Building" 1, Club House Road, Chennai 600 002 Phone: 2846 0395, 2846 0390 Fax: 2846 0129 E-mail : investor@cameoindia.com

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#### Board of Directors

S Ram (Chairman) V Madhavan (Managing Director) Srivats Ram Rafael Aquique Saket Sapra Radha Unni Jason Miller Gajanan Gandhe

#### **Audit Committee**

S Ram (Chairman) V Madhavan Saket Sapra

#### **Stakeholders Relationship Committee**

S Ram (Chairman) V Madhavan Srivats Ram

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility Committee**

S Ram (Chairman) V Madhavan Saket Sapra

#### Auditors

Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Chartered Accountants 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Prestige Palladium Bayan Greams Road, Chennai 600 006

#### **Chief Financial Officer**

Y Krishnamoorthy

#### **Company Secretary**

C Bharathi

#### **Notice to Shareholders**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Thirty Ninth (39<sup>th</sup>) Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Thursday, August 26, 2021 at 10.30 A.M through Video Conference ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM"), to transact the following items of business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 and the Report of the Directors and the Auditors thereon.
- 2. To elect a Director in the place of Mr. S Ram (DIN 00018309) who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-election.
- 3. To elect a Director in the place of Mr. Saket Sapra (DIN 05154694) who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-election.

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS**

4. Re-appointment of Mr. V Madhavan (DIN 07548156) as Managing Director of the Company

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, including statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force, the approval of the shareholders of the Company be and is hereby accorded for the re-appointment of Mr. V Madhavan (DIN 07548156), as Managing Director of the Company within the meaning of Section 2(54) and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the appointment of Mr. V Madhavan as Managing Director shall be for a period of 5 (Five) years with effect from July 6, 2021 at a remuneration as set out in the Explanatory Statement annexed to the Notice convening this meeting with the authority to the Board of Directors to alter and vary such terms of appointment and remuneration during the continuance of his tenure from time to time as they may deem fit, so as to not exceed the limits specified in Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, as may be agreed to by the Board of Directors and Mr. V Madhavan.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** in the event of absence or inadequacy of profits in any financial year during his term of office as Managing Director, Mr. V Madhavan will be paid remuneration not exceeding the limits specified under Section II of Part II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof) or such other limit as may be prescribed by the Central Government from time to time.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** Mr. Y Krishnamoorthy, Chief Financial Officer and Mrs. C Bharathi, Company Secretary, be and are hereby severally authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things as deemed necessary, proper and expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolution including the matters incidental thereto."

By order of the Board

Regd. Office: 21, Patullos Road Chennai 600 002 May 19, 2021

**S Ram** Chairman DIN 00018309



#### Notes:

- In view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), has vide their circulars dated, April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020 read with January 13, 2021 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted to holding the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM"), without the physical presence of the shareholders at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), and the MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM.
- 2. The explanatory statement setting out the material facts pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of special business to be transacted at the meeting under item no. 4 is annexed hereto.
- 3. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of shareholders has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the shareholders will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
- 4. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14 / 2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the shareholders is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the shareholders such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or Body Corporate can attend the AGM through VC / OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting. Corporate shareholders intending to authorize their representatives to participate and vote at the meeting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board resolution / authorization letter to the Company.
- 5. The shareholders can join the AGM in the VC / OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC / OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 shareholders on first come first served basis. This will not include large shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 6. Shareholders attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 7. The Register of Shareholders and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from August 19, 2021 to August 26, 2021 (both days inclusive).
- 8. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(5) and 125 of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, dividends declared for the financial year ended 2013-14 from the date of declaration of dividend and thereafter, which remain unclaimed for a period of 7 years will be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund of the Central Government (IEPF). Shareholders who have not encashed the dividend warrant(s) so far for the above financial year or any subsequent financial year are requested to make their claim to the Share Department of the Company. All shareholders are requested to claim their dividend on or before October 28, 2021, being the due date for transfer of unpaid / unclaimed dividend to IEPF.
- 9. Pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and IEPF Rules, all such shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years are required to be transferred to the Demat account of the IEPF authority.
- 10. Pursuant to the aforesaid provisions, during the year, the Company has transferred 15,559 shares pertaining to the financial year 2012-13 to the Demat Account of the IEPF Authority maintained with CSDL, in respect of which dividend had remained unpaid / unclaimed for a consecutive period of seven years.

- 11. In compliance with the aforesaid provisions of the IEPF Rules, the Company had submitted the corporate action information form of CDSL to its Registrar and Transfer Agents (RTA) for transfer / transmission of the aforesaid shares of the Company to the Demat Account of the IEPF Authority, which were subsequently transferred to the Demat Account of the IEPF Authority on execution of the corporate action by the RTA.
- 12. The shareholders, whose unclaimed dividends / shares have been transferred to IEPF, may claim the same by making an online application to the IEPF Authority in web Form No. IEPF- 5 (as prescribed by MCA) available on the website of IEPF at www.iepf.gov.in and sending the physical copy of the same duly signed (as per the specimen signature recorded with the Company) along with requisite documents to the Company for verification of the claim.
- 13. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and MCA Circulars, the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its shareholders in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- 14. The shareholders who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the meeting may also attend the meeting by way of VC / OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again. The details indicating the process and manner for voting by electronic means, the time, schedule including the time period during which the votes may be cast by remote e-voting, the details of the login ID, the process and manner for generating or receiving the password and for casting of vote in a secure manner are provided to the shareholders. The procedures and instructions for 'remote e-voting', 'attending the meeting through VC / OAVM' and 'e-voting at the meeting' are furnished as part of this Notice. (Please refer page nos.8 to 12).
- 15. The Board of Directors have appointed M/s. S Dhanapal & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, Chennai, as the Scrutinizer for conducting the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner. The Company has engaged the services of CDSL to provide e-voting facilities enabling the shareholders to cast their vote in a secure manner. It may be noted that this e-voting facility is optional. The e-voting facility will be available at the link www.evotingindia.com during the e-voting period which would commence on August 23, 2021 (Monday) at 9:00 A.M. (IST) and conclude on August 25, 2021 (Wednesday) at 5:00 P.M. (IST).
- 16. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of the meeting, count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter, unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in presence of atleast two witnesses not in employment of the Company. The Scrutinizer shall submit a Consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour of or against, if any, not later than 48 hours after the conclusion of the meeting. Thereafter, the Results of remote e-voting and e-voting during the 39<sup>th</sup> AGM shall be declared by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The Results declared along with the Report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the Company's website at www.axlesindia.com and also be displayed on the website of CDSL at www. evotingindia.com immediately after the results are declared and simultaneously communicated to the Stock Exchanges.
- 17. Shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cutoff date of August 18, 2021 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the shareholder, the shareholder cannot change it subsequently.
- 18. In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an e-mail to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- 19. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.



- 20. In line with the MCA Circulars, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.axlesindia.com. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) at www.evotingindia.com.
- 21. In compliance with the MCA Circulars, the Annual Report 2020-21 including, the Notice of the 39<sup>th</sup> AGM and instructions to shareholders for e-voting / attending meeting through VC / OAVM are being sent only through electronic mode to those shareholders whose email addresses are registered with the Company / depositories.
- 22. Shareholders who would like to express their views / ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker and send their request mentioning their name, demat account number / folio number, e-mail ID, mobile number to bharathi.c@axlesindia.com from August 10, 2021, 9:00 A.M. (IST) to August 14, 2021, 05:00 A.M. (IST) only. The shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views / ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.

#### EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 4

Re-appointment of Mr. V Madhavan (DIN 07548156) as Managing Director of the Company

The Board of Directors, subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company, re-appointed Mr. V Madhavan as Managing Director for a period of 5 years with effect from July 6, 2021. The terms of remuneration payable to Mr. V Madhavan are detailed hereunder:

Salary	Rs.6,00,000/- (Rupees Six Lakhs only) per month in the scale of Rs.6,00,000 – Rs.8,00,000/ Annual increase will be effective from July every year.
Commission	0.5% of the Net Profits of the Company for each financial year or part thereof, computed in the manner laid down in the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Perquisites and Amenities\***

Insurance	Insurance policy as per company rules
Gratuity / Leave Salary / Provident Fund	Payment of Company's contribution to Provident Fund, Gratuity Fund and encashment of leave (at the end of the tenure) shall not be included in the computation of remuneration or ceiling on the perquisites.
Car	Provision of company owned and maintained car and reimbursement of driver pay.
Telephone	Reimbursement of residence telephones

\* Perquisites shall be evaluated as per Income Tax Rules, wherever applicable and in the absence of any such rule, the same shall be evaluated at cost.

Minimum Remuneration	Wherein any financial year, during the currency of tenure of the Managing Director,
	the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, it may pay him remuneration
	by way of salary, allowances, commission and perquisites not exceeding the limits
	specified in Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 or such other limits as may be
	prescribed by the Government from time to time.

The resolution as set out under Item No. 4 of the Notice is accordingly submitted to the shareholders for consideration and approval.

Except Mr. V Madhavan, none of the other Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives is in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution. Mr. V Madhavan does not hold any Equity Share in the Company. He is not related to any of the Directors of the Company.

# As per the requirements of Clause 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standard - 2 as issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, a statement containing the requisite details of the concerned Director is given below :

Name of the Director	V Madhavan
DIN	07548156
Age	52 years
Qualifications	Mr. V Madhavan is a Graduate in Mechanical Engineering with PG in Operations Management.
Experience	He has 30+ years of experience in the Auto components field.
Terms and Conditions of Appointment	As per the explanatory statement
Details of remuneration sought to be paid	As per the explanatory statement
Remuneration last drawn	During the financial year ended March 31, 2021, the remuneration to Mr. V Madhavan aggregated to Rs. 73.27 lakhs.
Date of first appointment on Board	06.07.2016
Shareholding in Company	Not Applicable
Relationship with other directors, manager and KMP	Not Applicable
Number of Board Meetings attended during the financial year ended 31.03.2021	4
Directorships in other companies	Not Applicable
Membership / Chairmanship on committees of board of other companies	Not Applicable

#### The additional information as required under Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 is given below:

I	General Information				
1	Nature of industry	Manufacture of Axle Housings			
2	Date or expected date of commencement of commercial production	Commercial operations were commenced in the year 1981.			
3	Financial performance based on given	(₹ in lakhs)			
	indicators	Particulars	2020-21	2019-20	
		Sales	30,604.78	40,477.72	
		Profit before depreciation	1,306.94	2,516.19	
		Depreciation	(902.60)	(1,119.19)	
		Profit before tax for the year	404.34	1,397.00	
		Profit after tax for the year	296.07	1,216.89	
		Total Comprehensive Income	249.66	1,152.33	
4	Foreign investments or collaborations, if any.	Not Applicable			



П	Information about the appointee:	
1	Background details	Mr. V Madhavan is a Graduate in Mechanical Engineering with PG in Operations Management. He has 30+ years of experience in Auto components field and he is the Managing Director of the Company since 2016.
2	Past remuneration	During the financial year ended March 31, 2021, the remuneration to Mr. V Madhavan aggregated to Rs. 73.27 lakhs.
3	Recognition or awards	_
4	Job profile and his suitability	Mr. V Madhavan is a Graduate in Mechanical Engineering with PG in Operations Management. He has 30+ years of experience in Auto components field and he is the Managing Director of the Company since 2016.
5	Remuneration proposed	Details of proposed remuneration are presented in the Explanatory statement.
6	Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the Company, profile of the position and person (in case of expatriates the relevant details would be with respect to the country of his origin)	The Company, in the case of absence / inadequacy of profits proposes to pay minimum remuneration (within the limits as prescribed under Part II of Section II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013) to Mr. V Madhavan.
7	Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the Company, or relationship with the managerial personnel, if any.	Mr. V Madhavan does not hold shares of our Company.
Ш	Other information:	
1	Reasons of loss or inadequate profits The Company does not envisage any loss or inadeq profits. However, as the Company witnesses unprecedented disruption in the business due to COV and the uncertainties around this pandemic.	
2	Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement	The Company is looking forward to take all such steps and measures which are in the best interest of the Company. Though the prices of raw materials and products are influenced by external factors, the Company is making all possible efforts to improve profits.
3	Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms	The Company is conscious of improvement in productivity and undertakes constant measures to improve it. However, it is extremely difficult in the present scenario to predict profits in measurable terms.

#### A) FOR REMOTE E-VOTING:

- i. The voting period begins on August 23, 2021 (Monday) 9:00 A.M (IST) and ends on August 25, 2021 (Wednesday) 5:00 P.M (IST). During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of July 28, 2021 may cast their vote electronically. The e-Voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- ii. Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting.
- iii. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and MCA Circulars, the Company is required to provide remote e-Voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders / retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-Voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-Voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-Voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts / websites of Depositories / Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-Voting process.

iv. In terms of SEBI circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Type of shareholders	Login Method		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>CDSL</b>	1)	Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or visit www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.	
	2)	After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-Voting is in progress as per the information provided by the company. On clicking the e-Voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting and voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL / NSDL / KARVY / LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.	
	3)	If the user is not registered for Easi / Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration	

Pursuant to aforementioned SEBI Circular, login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:



	4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN from an e-Voting link available on www. cdslindia.com home page or click on https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/ EvotingLogin. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered mobile number and email ID as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-Voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with <b>NSDL</b>	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting and voting during the meeting.
	<ol> <li>If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select Register Online for IDeAS Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</li> </ol>
	3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder / Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password / OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting and voting during the meeting.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their <b>Depository Participants</b>	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL / CDSL for e-Voting facility. After successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL / CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider's website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting and voting during the meeting.
lasa satsata star Ok sask slala as u	who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and

Important note: Shareholders who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
	Shareholders facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
	Shareholders facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free No.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

- v. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form:
  - 1. The shareholders should log on to the e-Voting website www.evotingindia.com.
  - 2. Click on shareholders module.
  - 3. Now enter your User ID
    - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
    - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
    - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
  - 4. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
  - 5. If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-Voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
  - 6. If you are a first time user, follow the steps given below:

For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat			
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)		
	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA		
Dividend Bank Details OR	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.		
Date of Birth (DOB)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or Company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (5).		

- vi. After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- vii. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-Voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- viii. For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-Voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.



- ix. Click on the EVSN for the relevant Axles India Limited on which you choose to vote.
- x. On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- xi. Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- xii. After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- xiii. Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- xiv. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- xv. If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password and enter the details as prompted by the system.
- xvi. Note for Non-Individual shareholders and Custodians:
  - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves as corporates.
  - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be e-mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
  - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
  - The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
  - A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
  - Alternatively Non-individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; bharathi.c@axlesindia.com, if they have voted from individual tab and not uploaded same in the CDSL e-Voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

# B. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC / OAVM AND E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meeting and e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-Voting.
- 2. The link for VC / OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-Voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the meeting through laptop / iPad for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow camera and use internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that participants connecting from mobile devices or tablets or through laptop connecting via mobile hotspot may experience audio / video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views / ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from August 10 2021, 9:00 A.M. (IST) to August 14, 2021, 05:00 A.M. (IST) mentioning their name, demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number at bharathi.c@axlesindia.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance15 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number at bharathi.c@axlesindia.com. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views / ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 10. If any votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-Voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC / OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-Voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

# C. PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL / MOBILE NUMBER ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY / DEPOSITORIES:

- 1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio Number, Name of the shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), Aadhar (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company / RTA email id.
- 2. For Demat shareholders Please update your email id and mobile number with your respective Depository Participant (DP).
- 3. For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id and mobile number with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting and joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM and e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 and 022-23058542/43.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@ cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.



Your Directors present the Thirty Ninth Annual Report of the Company along with the audited accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2021.

#### Performance

	(₹ in lakhs)		
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20	
Sales	30,604.78	40,477.72	
Profit before depreciation	1306.94	2516.19	
Depreciation	(902.60)	(1119.19)	
Profit before tax for the year	404.34	1397.00	
Profit after tax for the year	296.07	1216.89	
Total Comprehensive Income	249.66	1152.33	

#### Prospects

The domestic Housing Sales was lower by 24% in FY'21 compared to FY'20 due to Vehicle Production disruption consequent to COVID related issues in first half of the year. Excess capacity of MD / HD trucks created from upward enhancement of Axle load norms by 15%. Bus segment was affected from restrictions on people movement and seating restrictions.

Heavy Duty Commercial Vehicle that showed some improvement were in construction related Dump Trucks and Trucks Trailer bulk carriers for petroleum products, cement, steel etc., in routes where they have an advantage over railways.

Your Company's sale of Housings to domestic market was 105,000 in 2020-21 from 137,500 in 2019-20. The export sales to Dana USA was 47,000 compared to 74,500 and export to Thailand and Japan was 3300 during 2020-21 and 3060 in 2019-20.

#### Dividend

Your Directors are not recommending dividend for the financial year 2020-21.

#### Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments

The Company has not given any loans or guarantees covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

#### **Associate Companies**

There are no Associate Companies for the Company as per the Companies Act, 2013; therefore relevant Form AOC 1 is not applicable.

#### **Director retiring by rotation**

Mr. S Ram (DIN 00018309) retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.

Mr. Saket Sapra (DIN 05154694) retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.

#### Change of Company Secretary

The Board of Directors appointed Mrs. C Bharathi as Company Secretary with effect from April 1, 2021 subsequent to the retirement of Mr. T.V. Venkata Subramanyam, Company Secretary with the closure of business hours of March 31, 2021.

#### **Board Evaluation**

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 134(3) (p) of the Act, 2013, read with Rule 8 (4) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, Annual Performance Evaluation of the Board, the Directors as well as Committees of the Board have been carried out. The Criteria and manner in which the evaluation has been carried out are provided in Annexure 1 forming part of this Report.

#### **Remuneration Policy**

The Board has, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, framed a policy for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director. It has recommended to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration of the Managing Director. The same is hosted in our website and the web address of the same is http://www.axlesindia.com/pdf/nomination-remuneration-policy.pdf.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

As an initiative under Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), in accordance with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, your Company constituted the CSR Committee under the Board. The Committee is to frame, monitor and execute the CSR activities. The Board has approved the CSR Policy and guidelines for implementation. The Committee effectively supervises the CSR projects.

The Company has spent Rs.134 Lakhs during the year 2020-21. The Constitution of the CSR Committee and the report as required under the Act, are provided as Annexure 2 forming part of this Report.

#### **Risk Management, Internal Financial Control Systems and Audit**

Your Company has formulated a Risk Management policy. The policy provides for identification of risks and mitigation measures.

Your Company maintains an adequate and effective Internal Control System commensurate with its size. The Internal Control system provides a reasonable assurance to the effect that the transactions are executed with the authorisations and are recorded in all material respects to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with established accounting principles and that the assets are secured and safeguarded against any misuse or loss. The internal control system is supplemented through an extensive internal audit programme and periodic review by the Management and Audit Committee. The Company has in place adequate internal financial Controls and no reportable material weakness was observed.

#### Vigil Mechanism

In accordance with the requirements of the Act, your Company has established a Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy for Directors and Employees to report genuine concerns. The said policy meets the requirement of the Vigil Mechanism framework under the Act, and the members can view the details of the policy on http://www.axlesindia.com/vigil-mechanism.html.

#### **Director's Responsibility Statement**

The Board of Directors acknowledges the responsibility of ensuring compliance with the provisions of Section 134(3) (c) of the Act. To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(3) (c) of the Act:



- a) that in the preparation of the annual financial statements the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b) that such accounting policies as mentioned in the Financial Statements have been selected and applied consistently and judgement and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- c) that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) that the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e) that proper systems are in place so as to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and were adequate and operating effectively.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

All Related Party Transactions that were entered into by the Company during the financial year 2020-21, were in compliance of Section 188 of the Act and rules framed there under.

Related party transactions were at an arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. Material contracts or arrangement or transactions are at arm's length basis and disclosed in Form AOC-2 which is provided in Annexure 3 forming part of this Report. All Related Party Transactions were placed before the Audit Committee. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, and Key Managerial Personnel which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

#### Meeting of the Board

The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on Company / business policy and strategy apart from other Board business. The Board / Committee meetings are pre-scheduled and a tentative annual calendar of the Board meetings is circulated to the Directors in advance to facilitate them to plan their schedule and to ensure meaningful participation in the meetings. The Board had met 4 times during the year under review on May 21, 2020, July 29, 2020, October 28, 2020 and January 27, 2021.

Dissectors	Attendance at	Attendance at Board Meetings		
Directors	Held	Attended	held on 21.08.2020	
Mr. S Ram	4	4	YES	
Mr. V Madhavan	4	4	YES	
Mr. Srivats Ram	4	3	YES	
Mr. Saket Sapra	4	4	YES	
Mr. Rafael Aquique	4	3	NO	
Mrs. Radha Unni	4	4	YES	
Mr. Jason Miller	4	4	NO	
Mr. Gajanan Gandhe	4	4	YES	

#### Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises of Mr. S Ram, Chairman, Mr. V Madhavan, and Mr. Saket Sapra as members. The Committee had met 4 times during the year under review on May 21, 2020, July 29, 2020, October 28, 2020 and January 27, 2021.

#### Nomination and Remuneration Committee

As per Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Amendment Rules, 2017, the companies enlisted under Rule 4(2) are exempted from appointing Independent Directors and are not required to constitute a Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

#### **Stakeholders Relationship Committee**

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprises of Mr. S Ram, Chairman, Mr. V Madhavan and Mr. Srivats Ram as members. The Committee had met 4 times during the year under review on July 29, 2020, September 14, 2020, October 8, 2020 and December 17, 2020.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility Committee**

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprises of Mr. S Ram, Chairman, Mr. V Madhavan and Mr. Saket Sapra as members. The Committee had met on December 2, 2020.

#### Significant and Material Orders Passed by the Regulators or Courts

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations. There are no material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

#### Employees and details of remuneration

None of the employees of the Company was in receipt of remuneration in excess of the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under.

#### Cost Audit

The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for any of the products of the Company. The Cost audit is not applicable to our company.

#### Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. During the year under review, there were no cases filed pursuant to the above Act. The Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

#### Auditors

The Company had appointed M/s. Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP (ICAI registration number FRN 304026E / E-300009) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of five years i.e. from the conclusion of 35<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 40<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company. The Company has received eligibility certificate from the auditors confirming that they are not disqualified to act as Auditors and are eligible to hold office as Auditors of the Company.



#### **Secretarial Audit**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and the rules framed there under, the Company appointed M/s. S Dhanapal & Associates, a firm of Company Secretaries in Practice to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Report of the Secretarial Audit is given as an Annexure 4 and forms part of this Report. The Company has complied with the Secretarial Standards for the Board Meetings (SS-1) and the General Meetings (SS-2) during the year 2020-21.

#### **Comments on Auditors' report**

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimers made by the Statutory Auditors and Secretarial Auditors in their reports respectively. The Statutory Auditors have not reported any incident of fraud to the Audit Committee of the Company in the year under review.

#### Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgo as required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Act, read with rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) rules, 2014 are enclosed as Annexure 5 and forms part of this report.

#### **Annual Return**

In compliance with Section 134(3)(a) and 92(3) of the Act, the Annual Return of the Company as on March 31, 2021 is available on the website of the Company, which can be accessed at http://www.axlesindia.com.

#### Acknowledgment

Your Directors wish to thank the Customers and Bankers for their excellent support and we look forward to their continued support.

Your Directors wish to place on record their appreciation of the excellent effort put in by all the employees of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chennai May 19, 2021 **S Ram** Chairman DIN 00018309

#### **ANNEXURE 1**

#### **BOARD EVALUATION**

The criteria for Evaluation were in accordance with the Nomination & Remuneration Policy adopted by the Company. The evaluation was undertaken taking into account the following:-

Composition of the Board and availability of multi-disciplinary skills, Commitment to good corporate governance practices, Adherence to regulatory compliance, Grievance Redressal Mechanism, Track record of financial performance, Existence of integrated Risk Management system, Use of modern technology and Commitment to CSR.

In addition to the above the following were also considered:- Qualifications & experience, Leadership qualities, Standard of integrity, Understanding of Macro & micro economic and industry trends, Public relations, Future vision and innovation, Attendance in Board Meetings / Annual General meeting, Understanding of Company's business Value addition in Board Meetings and other parameters mentioned in the Policy.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

	S Ram
Chennai	Chairman
May 19, 2021	DIN 00018309

#### **ANNEXURE 2**

#### ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2020-21

1	Brief	outline on CSR policy	of the company	CSR activities as VII of the Compa covers additional a be notified by Mini such other body,	Company extends to all the covered under Schedule anies Act, 2013 and also and allied activities, as will stry of Corporate Affairs or as appointed / notified by Government, from time to	
2	Comp	oosition of CSR Comm	nittee			
	SI. No.	Name of Director			nber of meetings of R Committee held	Number of meetings of CSR Committee
				(	during the year	attended during the year
	1	Mr. S Ram	Chairman		1	1
	2	Mr. V Madhavan	Managing Director		1	1
	3	Mr. Saket Sapra	Director		1	1
3	comm	nittee, CSR Policy and	here Composition of CSR Projects approved b website of the company		http://axlesindia.co	m/pdf/CSR-Policy
4	carrie Comp	d out in pursuance o	ct assessment of CSR pro f sub-rule (3) of rule 8 c ial responsibility Policy) F	Not Applicable		



5	Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule(3) of Rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any	Nil
6	Average net profit of the company as per section 135 (5)	Rs. 3,366.85 Lakhs
7	(a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Rs.67.34 Lakhs
	(b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years	Nil
	(c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any	Nil
	(d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c)	Rs.67.34 Lakhs

(	CSF	R spent details								
i	a. CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year						Amount spent - Rs. 134.10 lakhs			
							Amount Unsp	ent - Nil		
I		etails of CSR an r the financial ye		agains	st ongoing p	orojects	Not applicable	Э		
(		etails of CSR arr		agains	t other thar	n ongoing	projects for th	e financia	ıl year	
-	1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	
-	SI No.	Name of the project	Item from Local the list of Area activities in (Yes /	Location of the project		Amount spent for the project	Mode of imple- mentation	Mode of impl – Through im ager	plementing	
			Schedule VII to the Act	No.)	State	District	(in Rs.)	Direct (Yes / No)	Name	CSR Registration number
-	1	PM CARES FUND	Health care				50 Lakhs	Yes	PM Cares Fund	-
	2	CMPRF	Disaster Relief		Tamil Nadu		50 Lakhs	Yes	CMPRF	-
-	3	Sundaram Medical Foundation	Health Care	Yes	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	i 10 Lakhs	Yes	Sundaram Medical Foundation	-
-	4	Single Teacher Schools	Health care	Yes	Tamil Nadu	Kancheepu	ram 5 Lakhs	Yes	Single Teacher Schools	-
-	5	Crafts Council of India	Vocational skill	Yes	Tamil Nadu	Kancheepu	ram 15 Lakhs	Yes	Crafts Council of India	-
-	6	Government school	Education	Yes	Tamil Nadu	Kancheepu	ram 4.10 Lakhs	Yes	Government school	-

	d. Amount spent in Administrative Overheads	Not applicable
	e. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable	Not applicable
	f. Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e)	Rs. 134.10 lakhs
	g. Excess amount for set off, if any	Not applicable
9.	Unspent and details on ongoing project	
	a. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years	Not applicable
	<ul> <li>b. Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s)</li> </ul>	Not applicable
10.	In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details)	
11.	Specify the reason(s), if the Company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5)	Not applicable

Chennai May 19, 2021 V Madhavan Managing Director DIN: 07548156 S Ram Chairman - CSR Committee DIN: 00018309

#### **ANNEXURE 3**

#### FORM NO. AOC - 2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of Sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

#### 1. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions not at arm's length basis

All transactions entered into by the Company during the year with related parties were on an arm's length basis.

#### 2 Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

a.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Dana India Private Limited – Sec 2(76)(iv) of the Companies Act, 2013
b.	Nature of Contracts / arrangements / transactions	Sale of axle housings
C.	Duration of contracts / arrangements / transactions	Dana India Private Limited
d.	Salient features of the Contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Supply of axle housings as per agreement
e.	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any	21.05.2020
f.	Amount paid as advances, if any	NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **S Ram** Chairman DIN: 00018309



#### **ANNEXURE 4**

#### FORM NO. MR-3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31.03.2021

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To The Members, **M/S. AXLES INDIA LIMITED,** Chennai.

- We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. AXLES INDIA LIMITED, (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted based on records made available to us in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion/ understanding thereon.
- 2. Based on our verification of the Company's Books, Papers, Minute Books, Forms and Returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and made available to us and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we, on strength of those records, and information so provided, hereby report that in our opinion and understandings, the Company, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2021, appears to have complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also in our limited review, the Company has proper and required Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have not carried out audit to make sure and validate the correctness and appropriateness of Financial Records and Books of Accounts of the Company and compliance with respect to the applicable financial laws such as direct and indirect tax laws etc. Based on the information & explanations provided by the management and officers of the Company and certificates placed before the Board of Directors, we report that adequate systems are in place to monitor and ensure compliance.

We have examined the Books, Papers, Minutes' Book, Forms and Returns filed and Other Records maintained by the Company and made available to us, for the financial year ended on March 31, 2021 according to the applicable provisions of:

- i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder and the Companies Act, 1956 and the rules made thereunder as applicable;
- ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings to the extent applicable.
- v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI ACT') - (NOT APPLICABLE TO THE COMPANY AS THE COMPANY IS UNLISTED PUBLIC COMPANY)
  - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to Meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) made effective 1st July, 2015 and revised with effect from 1st October, 2017.
- The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (effective 1st December, 2015) - (NOT APPLICABLE AS THE COMPANY IS UNLISTED PUBLIC COMPANY)

During the period under review, the Company has complied in accordance with the requirements to be met with the applicable provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above to the extent applicable during the year.

It is represented to us that the company has initiated measures, wherever required, to address issues raised by the Statutory Authorities and Letters/Notices received by the Company during the financial year under various enactments as applicable to the company.

We further report that, subject to the above, the related documents that we have come across depict that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is constituted as applicable with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and the changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that, we have conducted secretarial audit relating to verification of records at share transfer agent's office on online verification and examination, as requested and facilitated by the company, due to Covid 19 situation for the purpose of issuing this Report.

We further report that, based on our limited review of the compliance mechanism established by the Company, there appear adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations and Guidelines.



We further report that, during the audit period the company has not sought the approval of its members for any special business.

We further report that, our Audit was subjected only to verifying adequacy of systems and procedures that are in place for ensuring proper compliance by the Company and we are not responsible for any lapses in those compliances on the part of the Company.

For **S Dhanapal & Associates** (A firm of Practicing Company Secretaries)

Place: Chennai Date : 19.05.2021

#### S. Dhanapal

(Sr. Partner) FCS 6881 CP No. 7028 UDIN: F006881C000346176

This Report is to be read with our testimony of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this Report.

#### **ANNEXURE A**

To The Members, M/s. AXLES INDIA LIMITED, Chennai.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this Letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial Record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Secretarial Records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial Records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial Records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of Financial Records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of Laws, Rules and Regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations, Standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

### For **S Dhanapal & Associates** (A firm of Practicing Company Secretaries)

**S. Dhanapal** (Sr. Partner)

FCS 6881 CP No. 7028 UDIN: F006881C000346176

Place: Chennai Date : 19.05.2021

#### **ANNEXURE 5**

#### **CONSERVATION OF ENERGY**

Your Company is implementing Energy conservation activities in all its plant locations. Energy saving projects have been successfully implemented on following themes: Use of Variable Speed Drive for motor, Replacement of inefficient motor with Energy Efficient motor, Optimization of motor Capacity, Use of energy efficient lamp like induction lamp, LED lamp, Replacement of inefficient water pump with energy efficient pump and Power factor improvement to reduce energy billing in our plants. Instead of generating units, we are also using third party supplies. Each of the production lines is metered for power consumption and improvements are being made through energy audits. Poly carbonate sheets are used instead of Fibre Reinforced Plastic (FRP) sheets to improve lighting during the day time in the factory.

#### **TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION**

Your Company has capability to design and test Axle Housings that perform satisfactorily under Indian Operating conditions. Axle Housings that are exported are made to customer designs. Your Company continues to innovate and increase its technology deployment to meet the requirements of its customers in various industry segments and will continue its efforts towards yield improvement, resource optimisation and improved performance of its products.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Foreign Exchange used	Rs. 476.49 lakhs
Foreign Exchange earned	Rs. 8987.25 lakhs

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chennai May 19, 2021 **S Ram** Chairman DIN 00018309



#### TO THE MEMBERS OF AXLES INDIA LIMITED Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

- We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Axles India Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

4. We draw your attention to the Note 34 to the financial statements, which describes the management's assessment of the impact of the outbreak of Coronavirus (COVID-19) on the business operations of the Company. The management believes that no adjustments are required in the financial statements as it does not impact the current financial year, however, in view of the various preventive measures taken and highly uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent periods is highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Other Information**

5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

- 6. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 7. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
    or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
    that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
    misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
    collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
  and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or
  conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If
  we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report
  to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify
  our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
  report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going
  concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 11. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 13. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 29 to the financial statements.
  - The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts – Refer Note 25(D) to the financial statements.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv. The reporting on disclosures relating to Specified Bank Notes is not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021.
- 14. The Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For **Price Waterhouse & Co. Chartered Accountants LLP** Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009 Chartered Accountants

> Arun Kumar R Partner Membership Number: 211867 UDIN: 21211867AAAABD5050

Chennai May 19, 2021



Referred to in paragraph 13(f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Axles India Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

### Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Axles India Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain

to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Also, refer paragraph 4 of the main audit report.

For Price Waterhouse & Co. Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009 Chartered Accountants

> Arun Kumar R Partner Membership Number: 211867 UDIN: 21211867AAAABD5050

Chennai May 19, 2021



Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Axles India Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021

- i. (a) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of fixed assets.
  - (b) The fixed assets are physically verified by the Management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the fixed assets has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
  - (c) The title deeds of immovable properties, as disclosed in Note 3 on fixed assets to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
- ii. The physical verification of inventory excluding stocks with third parties have been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not material and have been appropriately dealt with in the books of accounts.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b) and (iii)(c) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments, or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Section 185 and 186. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(iv) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of income tax, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, goods and service tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Also refer note 29 to the financial statements regarding management's assessment on certain matters relating to provident fund.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax and goods and service tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. The particulars of dues of income tax, sales tax, and service tax as at March 31, 2021 which have not been deposited on account of a dispute, are as follows:

Name of the	Nature of	Amount	Period to which the amount	Forum where the dispute
statute	dues	(Rs. in lakhs)	relates – Financial Year	is pending
Central Sales Tax,	Sales Tax	0.15	1989-90	TN Sales Tax Appellate
1956				Tribunal
Tamil Nadu General	Sales Tax	0.21	1995-96	Appellate Assistant
Sales Tax Act				Commissioner (CT)
Central Sales Tax,	Sales Tax	1.29	2007-08	Assistant/ Deputy
1956				Commissioner (CT)
Tamil Nadu Value	Sales Tax	216.68	2013-14 to 2015-16	Assistant Commissioner
Added Tax Act				(Sales Tax)

Name of the	Nature of	Amount	Period to which the amount	Forum where the dispute
statute	dues	(Rs. in lakhs)	relates – Financial Year	is pending
Tamil Nadu Value	Sales Tax	21.00	2013-14 to 2015-16	Appellate Deputy
Added Tax Act				Commissioner (CT)
Central Excise Act	Service Tax	165.35	2004-05 to 2017-18	Customs, Excise and Service
				Tax Appellate Tribunal
Income Tax Act,	Income Tax	43.91	Assessment years	Commissioner of Income Tax
1961			2013-14, 2014-15, 2016-17	(Appeals)

- viii. According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to any financial institution or bank or Government or dues to debenture holders as at the balance sheet date.
- ix. The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- x. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- xi. The Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the provisions of Clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- xiv. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For **Price Waterhouse & Co. Chartered Accountants LLP** Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009 Chartered Accountants

> Arun Kumar R Partner Membership Number: 211867 UDIN: 21211867AAAABD5050

Chennai May 19, 2021



# ACCOUNTS - 2020-2021

### Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
ASSETS Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	5,985.37	6,651.8
Right-of-use assets	3	52.15	114.3
Capital work-in-progress	3	84.97	19.3
ntangible assets	4	16.70	35.7
Financial assets	Τ.	10.70	00.1
	5(b)	239.32	258.3
(i) Loans	5(b) 6		
Other non-current assets	0	50.47	<u> </u>
Total non-current assets		6,428.98	/,137.4
Current assets	7	0.000 50	4 000 0
Inventories	7	9,236.52	4,832.8
Financial Assets	- ( )		
(i) Trade Receivables	5(a)	14,493.42	9,141.7
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	5(c)	3,231.78	4,019.6
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	5(d)	16.55	15.5
(iv) Loans	5(b)	59.19	62.7
(v) Other financial assets	5(e)	7.10	
Current tax assets	8(a)	256.36	221.1
Other current assets	9	335.68	380.2
Total current assets		27,636.60	18,673.9
Total assets		34,065.58	25,811.4
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	10(a)	2,548.88	2,548.8
Other Equity		_,	_,
Reserves and surplus	10(b)	11,046.97	11,135.8
Other Reserves	10(c)	(43.75)	11,100.0
Total equity	10(0)	13,552.10	13,684.7
LIABILITIES			10,001.1
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
	3	12.18	62.2
(i) Lease liabilities		59.07	02.2
(ii) Other financial liabilities	11(c)		100
Provisions	12	482.83	426.1
Employee benefit obligations	13	250.19	248.0
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	14	219.57	230.3
Total non-current liabilities		1,023.84	966.7
Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	11(a)	7,700.95	4,700.4
(ii) Lease liabilities	3	44.52	56.7
(iii) Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	11(b)	310.38	80.8
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	11(b)	8,774.74	4,185.5
(iv) Other financial liabilities	11(c)	835.22	560.7
Provisions	12	353.63	145.2
Employee benefit obligations	13	104.82	155.4
Current tax liabilities	8(b)	108.64	91.6
Other current liabilities	15	1,256.74	1,183.4
Total current liabilities	10	19,489.64	11,160.0
Total liabilities			
		<u>20,513.48</u>	<u> </u>
Total equity and liabilities		34,065.58	25,811.4

Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009	S Ram	V Madhavan
Chartered Accountants	Chairman	Managing Director
Arun Kumar R	DIN: 00018309	DIN: 07548156
Partner	Y Krishnamoorthy	C Bharathi
Membership Number: 211867	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Chennai	Chennai	Membership Number: F9406
19 May 2021	19 May 2021	

### Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)



Particulars	Notes	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
REVENUE			
Revenue from operations	16	30,604.78	40,477.72
Other income	17(a)	181.31	145.11
Other gains/(losses)	17(b)	415.58	239.58
Total income		31,201.67	40,862.41
EXPENSES			
Cost of materials consumed	18(a)	21,611.90	24,732.20
Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods	18(b)	(2,586.73)	1,259.74
Employee benefit expenses	19	5,366.21	5,326.07
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	20	902.60	1,119.19
Other expenses	21	5,439.86	6,852.15
Finance costs	22	63.49	176.06
Total expenses		30,797.33	39,465.41
Profit before tax		404.34	1,397.00
Income tax expense / (income)			
- Current Tax	23	104.30	532.00
- Deferred Tax	23	3.97	(351.89)
Total tax expense		108.27	180.11
Profit for the year		296.07	1,216.89
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Net loss on cash flow hedges		(58.47)	-
Income tax relating to these items		14.72	-
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligations		(3.55)	(86.27)
Income tax relating to above item		0.89	21.71
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(46.41)	(64.56)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		249.66	1,152.33
Earnings per equity share:			
Basic & Diluted earnings per share		0.98	4.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. This is the Statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date.

For **Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP** Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009 Chartered Accountants Arun Kumar R Partner Membership Number: 211867 Chennai 19 May 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors S Ram V Madhavan Chairman Managing Director DIN: 07548156 DIN: 00018309 Y Krishnamoorthy Chief Financial Officer C Bharathi Company Secretary Membership Number: F9406 Chennai 19 May 2021

# A. Equity Share Capital

	Notes	
As at 1 April 2020	10(a)	2,548.88
Changes in equity share capital		-
As at 31 March 2021	10(a)	2,548.88

## **B. Other Equity**

	Reserves	and Surplus	Other Reserves	
Particulars	General	Retained	Cash flow	Total
	Reserve	Earnings	hedging reserve	
Balance as at 1 April 2019	78.50	11,133.92	-	11,212.42
Profit for the year	-	1,216.89	-	1,216.89
Other comprehensive income	-	(64.56)	-	(64.56)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,152.33	-	1,152.33
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Dividend	-	(1,019.37)	-	(1,019.37)
Dividend distribution tax	-	(209.55)	-	(209.55)
As at 31 March 2020	78.50	11,057.33	-	11,135.83
Balance as at 1 April 2020	78.50	11,057.33	-	11,135.83
Profit for the year	-	296.07	-	296.07
Other comprehensive income	-	(2.66)	(43.75)	(46.42)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	293.41	(43.75)	249.66
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Dividend	-	(382.27)	-	(382.27)
As at 31 March 2021	78.50	10,968.47	(43.75)	11,003.22

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statement. This is the Statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009 S Ram V Madhavan Chartered Accountants Chairman Managing Director DIN: 00018309 DIN: 07548156 Arun Kumar R Partner C Bharathi Y Krishnamoorthy Membership Number: 211867 Chief Financial Officer **Company Secretary** Chennai Chennai Membership Number: F9406 19 May 2021 19 May 2021

# Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)



	Notes	As at	As at
Particulars	NOLES	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
A. Cash flow from operating activities:			0.1
Profit before income-tax		404.34	1,397.00
Adjustments for:			
Interest and other finance cost	22	55.14	159.33
Interest expense on lease liability	22	8.35	16.73
Net exchange differences		(2.28)	27.92
Depreciation and amortisation expense	20	902.59	1,119.19
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	17(b)	(46.98)	(6.14)
Interest income	17(a)	(181.03)	(144.87)
Operating profit before working capital changes	( )	1,140.14	2,569.15
Changes in working capital:		, i	·
(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables		(5,367.67)	5,221.14
(Increase) / decrease in current and non-current loans		22.51	(41.89)
(Increase) / decrease in other financial assets		-	265.05
(Increase) / decrease in current and non-current assets		43.64	200.15
(Increase) / decrease in inventories		(4,403.63)	2,309.00
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables		4,818.65	(2,991.04)
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities		306.68	(44.74)
Increase / (decrease) in provisions		265.00	265.93
Increase / (decrease) in employee benefit obligation		(51.95)	25.84
Increase / (decrease) in other liabilities		73.34	(127.87)
Cash (used in) / generated from operations		(3,153.30)	7,650.73
Income tax paid	8(b)	(121.61)	(481.05)
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities	. ,	(3,274.91)	7,169.69
Cash flow from investing activities:			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(253.79)	(961.88)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		48.96	27.97
Interest received		181.03	144.87
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities		(23.80)	(789.04)
Cash flow from financing activities:			
(Repayment)/Proceeds from borrowings		3,018.83	(2,253.43)
Principal repayments related to lease liabilities		(62.21)	(103.10)
Interest payments related to lease liabilities		(8.35)	(16.73)
Interest paid		(55.14)	(159.33)
Dividends paid to company's shareholders (including DDT)		(382.27)	(1,228.92)
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from financing activities		2,510.86	(3,761.51)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(787.85)	2,619.13
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		4,019.63	1,400.50
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		3,231.78	4,019.63

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statement This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our Report of even date

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009

#### Chartered Accountants

Arun Kumar R

Partner Membership Number: 211867 Chennai 19 May 2021

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors V Madhavan S Ram

Chairman DIN: 00018309

#### Y Krishnamoorthy Chief Financial Officer

Chennai 19 May 2021 Managing Director DIN: 07548156

# C Bharathi

Company Secretary Membership Number: F9406

# **Company overview**

Axles India Limited (the 'Company') is engaged in manufacturing of Axle housings to automobile companies. The company has its manufacturing plants in Sriperumbudur and Cheyyar, Tamil Nadu, India and sells primarily in India and United States. The company is an unlisted public limited company.

# 1. Significant accounting policies

# 1.1 Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

# 1.2 Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) measured at fair value and defined benefit plans - plan assets measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or noncurrent according to the Company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Act. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

## 1.3 Going concern

The board of directors have considered the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2021 and projected cash flows and financial performance of the Company for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements as well as planned cost and cash improvement actions, and believe that the plan for sustained profitability remains on course.

The board of directors have taken actions to ensure that appropriate long-term cash resources are in place at the date of signing the accounts to fund the Company's operations. Also, refer to note 34 for COVID-19 related assessments.

## 1.4 Revenue Recognition

# 1.4.1 Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the performance obligations are satisfied and the control of the product is transferred, being when the goods are delivered as per the relevant terms of the contract at which point in time the Company has a right to payment for the asset, customer has possession and legal title of the asset, customer bears significant risk and rewards of ownership and the customer has accepted the asset or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. Payment for the sale is made as per the credit terms in the agreements with the customers. The credit period is generally short term, thus there is no significant financing component. The Company's contracts with customers does not provide for any right to returns, refunds or similar obligations. The Company's obligation to repair or replace faulty products under standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision, see note 12.

# 1.4.2 Income from service

Revenue is recognised on a time proportionate basis in the accounting period in which the services are rendered as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits as the obligations are



performed. Payment for the services provided are received as per the credit terms as agreed with the customers. The credit period is generally short term, and thus there is no significant financing component.

# 1.5 Foreign currencies

# 1.5.1 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

# 1.5.2 Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognized in profit or loss.

# 1.6 Employee benefits

# 1.6.1 Short term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

# 1.6.2 Other long term employee benefits

The liabilities for earned leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of the expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employee up to the end of reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

The benefits are discounted using the appropriate market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Measurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next 12 months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as longterm employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the period-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the statement of profit and loss and are not deferred. The Company presents the leave as a current liability in the balance sheet; to the extent it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date. Where Company has the unconditional legal and contractual right to defer the settlement for a period beyond 12 months, the same is presented as non-current liability.

# 1.6.3 Post employment obligations

## The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- a) Defined contribution plans such as provident fund, and
- b) Defined benefit plans such as gratuity for its eligible employees.

# Defined contribution plan

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme and pension scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

# Defined benefit plan

The Company has a gratuity defined benefit plan for its employees. The costs of providing benefits under these plans are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at each year-end. Separate actuarial valuation is carried out for each plan using the projected unit credit method. Re-measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and the balance sheet. The Company has funded this with Life Insurance Corporation of India ('LIC'). The contributions made to the LIC are treated as plan assets. The defined benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as reduced by the fair value of plan assets.

The Company recognizes a liability and an expense for bonus. The Company recognizes a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

# 1.7 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

# 1.7.1 Current tax

The income tax expenses or credit is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted.

# 1.7.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profits. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and incurred tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.



Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

# 1.7.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the income taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

## 1.8 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation less accumulated impairment, if any. Such assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. The other repairs and maintenance of revenue nature are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

## Transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1 April 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

## Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method on a pro-rata basis from the date in which each asset is put to use to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives.

Estimated useful life of assets are as follows which is based on technical evaluation of the useful lives of the assets:

Particulars	Useful life in years ascertained by the company	Useful life of the asset as prescribed in schedule II of Companies Act, 2013
Buildings	30	30
Plant & Machinery	11.25*	11.25*
Furniture and fixtures	5	5
Vehicles	8	8
Computer hardware	3	3

\* The Company generally operates on a double shift basis, useful life of the Plant and Machinery under Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013 has been considered accordingly.

The assets' residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are credited / debited to profit or loss.

## 1.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation less accumulated impairment, if any.

## Amortisation and estimated useful lives

Intangible assets with a finite useful life using the straight-line method over a 5 year period.

# 1.10. Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

# 1.11 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of raw materials comprises cost of purchases. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average cost basis. The cost of work-in-progress and finished goods comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure. Overhead expenditures are being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Cost of inventories also include all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Non-production inventory (other than those supplied along with main plant and machinery, which are capitalised and depreciated accordingly) are charged to profit or loss on consumption.

# 1.12 Provisions and contingencies

**Provisions:** Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

**Contingent Liabilities:** Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

# 1.13 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial instruments (other than financial assets and



financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in statement of profit or loss. Subsequently, financial instruments are measured according to the category in which they are classified.

# 1.14 Financial assets

All purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and de-recognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

# 1.14.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets

Classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortised cost unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option:

- Business model test: the objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows.
- Cash flow characteristic test: the contractual term of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option:

- business model test: the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting cash flows and selling financial assets.
- cash flow characteristic test: the contractual term of the financial asset gives rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

# 1.14.2. Financial assets at Fair Value through Other Comphrensive Income (FVOCI)

Investment in equity instrument are classified at fair value through profit or loss, unless the Company irrevocably elects on initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for investments in equity instruments which are not held for trading.

Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or fair value through other comprehensive income criteria are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A financial asset that meets the amortised cost criteria or fair value through other comprehensive income criteria may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets and liabilities or

recognising the gains or losses on them on different bases.

Investments in debt based mutual funds are measured at fair value through profit and loss.

Financial assets which are fair valued through profit or loss are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re measurement recognized in profit or loss.

## 1.14.3 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment.

## 1.14.4 Cash and cash equivalents

In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, cheques and drafts in hand, balances with bank and deposits held at call with financial institutions, short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet and forms part of financing activities in the cash flow statement. Book overdraft are shown within other financial liabilities in the balance sheet and forms part of operating activities in the cash flow statement.

# 1.14.5. Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model to the following:

- · financial assets measured at amortised cost
- · financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Expected credit loss are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to

- the twelve month expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instruments that are possible within twelve months after the reporting date); or
- full life time expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument).

For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115, the Company always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

## 1.15. Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or at fair value through profit or loss.

## 1.15.1. Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods or services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid.

# 1.15.2. Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.



## 1.15.3. Foreign exchange gains or losses

For financial liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortised cost of the instruments and are recognised in profit or loss.

The fair value of financial liabilities denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. For financial liabilities that are measured as at fair value through profit or loss, the foreign exchange component forms part of the fair value gains or losses and is recognised in profit or loss.

# 1.16. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

# 1.17. Leases

# As a lessee:

From 1 April 2019, leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Company allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, the Company has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable,
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date,
- · amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees,
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Company:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Company, which does not have recent third party financing, and

• makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

The Company is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Variable lease payments that depend on sales are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability,
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received,
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

# 1.18. Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

# 1.19. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share have been computed by dividing the net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share has been computed using the weighted average number of shares and diluted potential shares, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

# 1.20. Dividends

Final dividends on shares are recorded on the date of approval by the shareholders of the Company.

# 1.21. Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged, and the type of hedge relationship designated.

# Cashflow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting:

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in the other comprehensive income in cash flow hedging reserve within equity, limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item on a present value basis from the inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss, within other gains/(losses).



# 1.22. Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and the accompanying notes have been rounded off to the nearest INR lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013, unless otherwise stated.

# 1.23. New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The Company has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing from 1 April 2020:

Definition of Material – amendments to Ind AS 1 and Ind AS 8

Definition of a Business - amendments to Ind AS 103

COVID-19 related concessions - amendments to Ind AS 116

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – amendments to Ind AS 109 and Ind AS 107

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

# 1.24. New standards or amendments issued but not yet effective

There are no new standards or amendments issued but not yet effective as at March 31, 2021.

## 2. Critical estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are included in the following notes:

- Note 13: Provision for employee benefits
- Note 12 & 29: Provision for litigations
- Note 12: Provision for warranty
- Note 11(b): Provision for purchase price revision
- Note 34: Assessment of impact of COVID-19
- Note 5(e) and 11(c) Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities

Management's assessment of the impact (if any) arising on individual financial statement line items on account of the COVID-19 pandemic situation has been disclosed in the related notes.

(Contd.) stated)	
Statements unless otherwise	
Notes to Financial Statements (Con (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)	

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	land	buildings	and fittings	machinery		200	vehicles *	machinery *	201	in-progress
Year ended 31 March 2020										
Gross carrying amount										
Opening gross carrying amount	15.03	1,379.62	90.84	7,701.33	66.63	0.15	17.51	16.65	9,287.76	40.89
Additions			14.08	946.66	1.19	11.40			973.33	936.02
Disposals / Adjustments			(0.97)	(117.46)		(1.91)	(17.51)	(16.65)	(154.50)	(027.60)
Gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2020	15.03	1,379.62	103.95	8,530.53	67.82	9.64	•	•	10,106.59	19.31
Accumulated Depreciation										
Opening accumulated depreciation		239.33	29.39	2,262.50	25.24		6.11	12.33	2,574.90	
Depreciation charge during the year		60.88	10.26	910.49	8.58	2.30			992.51	
Disposals / Adjustments			(0.76)	(91.69)		(1.81)	(6.11)	(12.33)	(112.70)	
Accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2020	•	300.21	38.89	3,081.30	33.82	0.49	•	•	3,454.71	•
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020	15.03	1,079.41	65.06	5,449.23	34.00	9.15	•	•	6,651.88	19.31
Year ended 31 March 2021										
Gross carrying amount										
Opening gross carrying amount	15.03	1,379.62	103.95	8,530.53	67.82	9.64		•	10,106.59	19.31
Additions	•	•	•	155.69	1.12	•		•	156.81	222.47
Disposals / Adjustments				(32.92)		•			(32.92)	(156.81)
Gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2021	15.03	1,379.62	103.95	8,653.30	68.94	9.64		•	10,230.48	84.97
Accumulated Depreciation										
Opening accumulated depreciation	•	300.21	38.89	3,081.30	33.82	0.49		•	3,454.71	
Depreciation charge during the year	•	61.04	9.66	741.73	7.24	1.67		•	821.34	
Disposals	•	•	•	(30.94)		•	•	•	(30.94)	
Accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2021	•	361.25	48.55	3,792.09	41.06	2.16	•	•	4,245.11	•
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021	15.03	1,018.37	55.40	4,861.21	27.88	7.48		•	5,985.37	84.97

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# 3 (a) Property, plant and equipment

# (i) Property, Plant and equipment pledged as security

Refer note 32 for information on property, plant and equipment pledged as security by the company.

#### (ii) Contractual obligations

Refer note 30(a) for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment

## (iii) Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress mainly comprises plant and machinery to be installed.

# 3 (b) Leases

# (i) Amounts recognised in the balance sheet

#### (a) Right-of-use asset

The balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases:

Particulars	Leased building	Leased vehicles	Total
Year ended 31 March 2020			
Right of use assets			
Gross Block			
On transition to Ind AS 116	91.36	111.07	202.43
Additions during the year	-	19.58	19.58
Deletions during the year	-	-	-
	91.36	130.65	222.01
Amortisation			
On transition to Ind AS 116	-	-	-
Amortisation for the year	33.22	74.42	107.65
Deletions during the year	-	-	-
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020	58.14	56.23	114.37
Year ended 31 March 2021			
Right of use assets			
Gross Block			
Opening	91.36	130.65	222.02
Additions during the year	-		-
Deletions during the year	-	-	-
	91.36	130.65	222.02
Amortisation			
Opening	33.22	74.42	107.65
Amortisation for the year	24.92	37.30	62.22
Deletions during the year	-	-	-
	58.14	111.72	169.87
Closing Balance during the year 31 March 2021	33.22	18.93	52.15

The company has generally leased warehouses, buildings, vehicles and machinery, the lease period, ranging upto 5 years, lease terms included for workings is the non-cancellable period and expected lease term.

Certain vehicle contracts contains variable lease payments based on the usage by the Company.

Company has exercised the option of short term leases, specifically for building and machinery contracts where the original contract term is 12 months or less.

## Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included where the management believes that it can be used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Company's operations.

# Critical judgements in determining the lease term:

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended.

- If there are significant penalties to terminate or not extend, the Company is typically reasonably certain to extend.
- Otherwise, the Company considers other factors including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased assets.

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised or not exercised, or the Company becomes obliged to exercise or not exercise. The assessment of reasonable certainty is only revised if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs, which affects this assessment, and that is within the control of the lease.

# (b) Lease Liabilities

Year ended	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Non-current	12.18	62.21
Current	44.52	56.71
Total	56.71	118.92

## (ii) Amounts recognised in the profit or loss

Year ended	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Expenses relating to short-term leases are included in:		
Rent including lease rentals	18.99	22.20
Packing and carriage outwards	25.75	24.02
Miscellaneous Expenses	72.79	89.70
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets that are not short-term leases (included in other expenses)	-	-
Expense relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Miscellaneous Expenses	107.19	23.91

Note: The total cash outflow for leases for the year ended March 31, 2021 was INR 295.27 (March 31, 2020 - INR 279.66)



The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 'Leases' with the date of initial application being 1 April 2019. Ind AS 116 replaces Ind AS 17 – Leases. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise Right-of-Use asset and lease liabilities for all leases, except for short term leases and leases of low value items. The Company has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach with cumulative effect of initial application recognised in retained earnings at 1 April 2019.

# (i) Practical expedients applied

In adopting Ind AS 116, the Company has applied the below practical expedients:

The company has not reassessed whether a contract is, or contains, a lease as per the definitions of Ind AS 116 at the date of initial application.

The company applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics.

The company relied on its assessment of whether leases are onerous applying Ind AS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, immediately before the date of initial application as an alternative to performing an impairment review as per Ind AS 36 Impairment of assets.

The Company has treated the leases with remaining lease term of less than 12 months as "short term leases".

The Company has excluded the initial direct costs from measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of transition.

The company used hindsight, such as in determining the lease term if the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

The adoption of the Standard has resulted in recognising "Right-of-use asset" and a corresponding "Lease liability" of INR 202.43 as at the date of initial application.

# (ii) Measurement of lease liabilities

The lease liabilities as at 1 April 2019 can be reconciled to the operating lease commitments as of 31 March 2019, as follows:

Particulars	Amount
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at 31 March 2019	38.49
Weighted average incremental borrowing rate as at 1 April 2019	10.05%
Discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate of at the date of initial	32.27
application	
Adjustments as a result of a different treatment of extension and termination options	170.16
Lease liabilities as at 1 April 2019	202.43
Lease liability recognised as at 1 April 2019	
Of which are:	
Current lease liabilities	83.52
Non-current lease liabilities	118.91
	202.43

# Notes to Financial Statements (Contd.) (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 4. Intangible assets

Particulars	Computer Software - Acquired
Year ended 31 March 2020	
Gross carrying amount	
Opening gross carrying amount	106.43
Additions	3.60
Gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2020	110.03
Accumulated Amortisation	
Opening accumulated amortisation	55.27
Amortisation charge for the year	19.03
Accumulated amortisation as at 31 March 2020	74.30
Net carrying amount	35.73
Year ended 31 March 2021	
Gross carrying amount	
Opening gross carrying amount	110.03
Additions	-
Gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2021	110.03
Accumulated Amortisation	
Opening accumulated depreciation	74.30
Amortisation charge for the year	19.03
Accumulated amortisation as at 31 March 2021	93.33
Net carrying amount	16.70

# 5. Financial assets

# 5 (a) Trade receivables

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Trade receivables	14,493.42	9,141.75
Total receivables	14,493.42	9,141.75
Current portion	14,493.42	9,141.75
Non-current portion	-	_



# Break-up of security details

Particulars	As at 31⁵t March 2021	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Trade receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
Trade receivables considered good - Unsecured	14,493.42	9,141.75
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade receivables credit impaired	-	-
Total trade receivables	14,493.42	9,141.75

Refer Note 28 for receivables from related parties.

# **Transferred receivables**

The carrying amounts of the trade receivables includes INR 5,864.25 (31 March 2020: INR 3,792.45) those which are subject to bills discounting arrangement. Under this arrangement, the Company has transferred the relevant receivables to the bills discounting in exchange for cash and is prevented from selling or pledging the receivables. However, the Company has retained late payment and credit risk. The Company therefore continuous to recognise the transferred assets in their entirety in its balance sheet. The amount repayable under this agreement is presented as borrowing. Refer note 11(a).

# 5 (b) Loans

Particulars	As at		As at As at	
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021		31 <sup>st</sup> Mar	ch 2020
	Current	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current
Unsecured, considered good				
Security deposits	-	239.32	-	258.31
Loan to employees	59.19	-	62.71	-
Total loans	59.19	239.32	62.71	258.31

# 5 (c) Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Cash on hand	0.22	0.85
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	3,231.56	4,018.78
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,231.78	4,019.63

# Notes to Financial Statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 5 (d) Bank balances other than above

Particulars	As at As at	
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Other bank balances		
- unpaid dividend accounts	16.55	15.58
Total bank balances other than above	16.55	15.58

# 5 (e) Other financial assets

Particulars	As at		As at	
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021		31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020	
	Current	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current
Derivative Financial Asset	7.10	-	-	
Total other financial assets	7.10		-	

# 6. Other non-current assets

Particulars	As at As at	
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Advance for capital goods	50.47	57.84
Total other non-current assets	50.47	57.84

## 7. Inventories

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Raw materials and components	3,659.03	2,020.43
Work-in-progress	1,104.91	538.78
Tools (including in progress)	718.89	678.72
Finished Goods (includes goods-in-transit)	3,410.88	1,390.28
Stores and spares	240.63	145.33
Loose tools	102.18	59.35
Total inventories	9,236.52	4,832.89

Based on the current orders in hand, the expected surge in demand for company's products and the historical / expected gross margins, the Company is of the view that there is no significant negative impact due to the COVID 19 pandemic on the carrying value of the inventory.



# 8 (a). Current Tax assets

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Opening Balance	221.14	221.14
Add: Tax paid / (refund) during the year	35.22	-
Less: Tax payable during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	256.36	221.14

# 8 (b). Current Tax liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Opening Balance	91.62	62.38
Add: Current tax payable for the year	103.41	510.29
Less: Taxes paid during the year	(86.39)	(481.05)
Closing Balance	108.64	91.62

# 9. Other current assets

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Advance to vendors	26.24	51.83
Prepaid expenses	21.45	30.45
Other advances	287.99	298.01
Total other current assets	335.68	380.29

# 10 (a) Equity share capital

Particulars	Number of shares			
Authorised Equity Share Capital				
As at 1 April 2019	2,60,00,000	2,600.00		
Increase during the year	-	-		
As at 31 March 2020	2,60,00,000	2,600.00		
Increase during the year	-			
As at 31st March 2021	2,60,00,000	2,600.00		

# Notes to Financial Statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## (i) Movements in equity share capital

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
As at 1 April 2019		
- Subscribed and paid up	2,54,90,646	2,548.88
As at 31 March 2020	2,54,90,646	2,548.88
As at 1 April 2020		
- Subscribed and paid up	2,54,90,646	2548.88
As at 31 March 2021	2,54,90,646	2,548.88

## Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote, either in person or by proxy, per share held. The dividend proposed by the board of directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all the preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

# (ii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021 Number of % holding shares		As at 31 Mai	rch 2020
			Number of shares	% holding
Sundaram Finance Holdings Limited	98,91,754	38.82%	98,91,754	38.82%
Wheels India Limited	24,24,661	9.51%	24,24,661	9.51%
Dana Global Products Inc.,	1,23,16,415	48.33%	1,23,16,415	48.33%

## 10(b) Reserves and surplus

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
General reserve	78.50	78.50
Retained earnings	10,968.47	11,057.33
Total reserves and surplus	11,046.97	11,135.83

(i) General reserve

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Opening balance	78.50	78.50
Appropriations during the year	-	-
Closing balance	78.50	78.50

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)



## (ii) Retained earnings

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Opening balance	11,057.33	11,133.92
Net profit for the year	296.07	1,216.89
Other Comprehensive income	(2.66)	(64.56)
Dividends	(382.27)	(1,019.37)
Dividend distribution tax	-	(209.55)
Closing balance	10,968.47	11,057.33

## 10 (c) Other Reserves

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Cash flow hedging reserve		
As at 1 April 2020	-	-
Change in fair value of hedging instruments	(58.47)	-
Deferred tax	14.72	-
Reclassification to profit or loss	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
As at 31 March 2021	(43.75)	-

#### Nature and purpose of reserves

#### **Retained earnings**

Represents accumulated profits after distribution of dividend. These reserves are available for distribution.

## Securities premium

It is used to record the premium on issue of shares. It is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

## Cash flow hedging reserve

The cash flow hedging reserve is used to recognise the effective portion of gains or losses on derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, as described in note 25(D).

# 11(a). Non-current borrowings

Particulars	Maturity date	Terms of repayment	Coupon / Interest rate	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Loan repayable on demand					
Secured					
From Banks					
Packing credit in foreign currency facility	Payable on demand	Payable on demand	LIBOR+80 bps	336.70	908.02
Packing credit in Indian rupee				1,500.00	-
Bills discounted with Banks				3,030.21	2,124.75
Unsecured					
From Banks					
Bills discounted with Banks	Payable on demand	Payable on demand	NA	2,834.04	1,667.70
Total current borrowings				7,700.95	4,700.47

Note: The carrying amounts of financial and non-financial assets pledged as security for current borrowings are disclosed in note 32.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Contd.) (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## Net Debt reconciliation

This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for each of the periods presented.

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Cash and bank balances	3,231.78	4,019.63
Current borrowing	(7,700.95)	(4,700.47)
Non-current borrowing	-	-
Lease liabilities	(56.70)	(118.92)
Net Debt	(4,525.87)	(799.76)

	Other assets	Liabilities from financing activities			
Particulars	Cash and bank overdraft	Non-current borrowings	Current borrowings	Lease liabilities	Total
Net debt as at 1 April 2019	1,400.50	(4.92)	(6,935.72)	-	(5,540.14)
On Adoption of Ind AS 116	-	-	-	(202.44)	(202.44)
Acquisitions – leases	-	-	-	(19.58)	(19.58)
Interest expense	-	-	(159.33)	(16.73)	(176.06)
Cash flows	2,619.13	4.92	2,412.76	119.83	5,156.64
Forex exchange adjustments	-	-	(18.18)	-	(18.18)
Net debt as at 31 March 2020	4,019.63	-	(4,700.47)	(118.92)	(799.76)
Cash flows	(787.85)	-	(2,963.69)	70.56	(3,680.98)
Interest expense	-	-	(55.14)	(8.35)	(63.49)
Forex exchange adjustments	-	-	18.35	0.01	18.36
Net debt as at 31 Mar 2021	3,231.78		(7,700.95)	(56.70)	(4,525.87)

Note: The carrying amounts of financial and non-financial assets pledged as security for current borrowings are disclosed in note 32.

## 11(b). Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Current		
(a) Total outstanding dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer note 33) and	310.38	80.88
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
(i) Acceptances	-	-
(ii) Others	8,774.74	4,185.50
Total trade payables	9,085.12	4,266.38

# Notes to Financial Statements (Contd.) (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)



# 11(c). Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Current Non-curre	nt Current Non-current
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	0.65	- 0.93 -
Capital creditors	120.77	- 159.46 -
Due to director	1.45	- 6.29 -
Foreign exchange on forward contracts	-	- 164.48 -
Due to employees	523.07	- 229.57 -
Other payables	182.78	
Derivative Financial Liabilities	6.50 59.0	
Total other financial liabilities	835.22 59.	D7 560.73 -

# 12. Provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 Ma	rch 2020
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Provision for litigations/disputes	19.39	-	19.39	-
Provision for warranty	334.24	482.83	125.90	426.17
Total Provisions	353.63	482.83	145.29	426.17

# (i) Movements in provisions

Movements in each class of provisions during the financial year, are set out below:

Particulars	Litigations /	Warranty	
- anioanaio	disputes		
As at 1 April 2019	19.39	285.91	
Charged to profit or loss			
- additional provision recognised	-	316.64	
Amount used during the year	-	(50.48)	
As at 31 March 2020	19.39	552.07	
As at 1 April 2020	19.39	552.07	
Charged to profit or loss			
- additional provision recognised	-	280.99	
Amount used during the year	-	(15.99)	
As at 31 March 2021	19.39	817.07	

# 13. Employee benefit obligations

	As at 31 March 2021		As	at 31 March 202	0	
	Current	Non-Current Total		Current	Non-Current	Total
Leave obligations	45.98	233.93	279.91	77.68	181.12	258.80
Gratuity	58.84	16.26	75.10	77.73	66.89	144.62
Total employee benefit obligations	104.82	250.19	355.01	155.41	248.01	403.42

## (i) Leave obligations

The leave obligations cover the Company's liability for earned leave.

The classification of leave obligation as current and non-current is based on the amounts determined by actuary.

## I. Post employment benefit obligations

#### (i) Defined benefit plans

## Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement / termination is the employee's last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is a funded plan and the Company makes contribution to recognised fund in India.

## (ii) Defined contribution plans

The Company also has certain defined contribution plans. Contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees at the rate of 12% basic salary as per the regulations. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the government. The obligation of the company is limited to the amount and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation. The expense recognised during the period towards defined contribution plan is INR 225.34 (31 March 2020 INR 242.57).

#### (a) Reconciliation of defined benefit plan

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

Particulars	Present value	Fair value of	Net amount
Particulars	of obligation	plan assets	
1 April 2019	804.35	(706.50)	97.85
Current service cost	58.55	-	58.55
Interest expense / (income)	52.10	(48.97)	3.13
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	110.65	(48.97)	61.68
Remesurements			
Actuarial (gain) / losses	86.27	-	86.27
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	86.27	-	86.27
Employer contributions/premium paid	-	(101.18)	(101.18)
Benefits payment	(33.59)	33.59	-
31 March 2020	967.68	(823.06)	144.62
1 April 2020	967.68	(823.06)	144.62
Current service cost	70.13	-	70.13
Interest expense / (income)	67.23	(62.16)	5.07
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	137.36	(62.16)	75.20
Remesurements			
Actuarial (gain) / losses	(19.29)	22.84	3.55
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive	(19.29)	22.84	3.55
income			
Employer contributions/premium paid	-	(148.27)	(148.27)
Benefits payment	(58.13)	58.13	-
31 March 2021	1,027.62	(952.52)	75.10



# Major category of Plan Assets as a % of total Plan Assets

Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Fund managed by LIC	100%	100%

# The net liability disclosed above relates to funded and unfunded plans are as follows:

Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Present value of funded obligations	1,027.62	967.68
Fair value of plan assets	(952.52)	(823.06)
Deficit of gratuity plan	75.10	144.62

# The significant actuarial assumptions were as follows:

Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Discount rate	7.16%	6.62%
Expected return on plan assets	7.16%	6.62%
Salary growth rate	5.50%	5.50%
Attrition rate	5.00%	5.00%

## Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumption is:

Change in	Impact on defined benefit obligation			
assumption	Increase in as	Increase in assumption		ssumption
31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March	n 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March	n 2021
100 base points	Decrease by	7.74%	Increase by	8.82%
100 base points	Increase by	8.82%	Decrease by	7.86%
100 base points	Increase by	0.51%	Decrease by	0.55%
10% up	Increase by	0.01%		
Change in assumption	Impact on defined be Increase in assumption		5	ssumption
31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020	31 <sup>st</sup> March	2020	31 <sup>st</sup> March	2020
100 base points	Decrease by	7.89%	Increase by	9.04%
100 base points	Increase by	8.97%	Decrease by	7.95%
100 base points	Increase by	0.26%	Decrease by	0.28%
10% .up	Increase by	0.010/		
	31st March 2021100 base points100 base points100 base points100 base pointsChange in assumption31st March 2020100 base points100 base points100 base points	assumptionIncrease in as31st March 202131st March100 base pointsDecrease by100 base pointsIncrease by100 base pointsIncrease by100 base pointsIncrease by100 base pointsIncrease by10% upIncrease byChange in assumptionImmediate31st March 202031st March100 base pointsDecrease by100 base pointsDecrease by100 base pointsIncrease by100 base pointsIncrease by100 base pointsIncrease by100 base pointsIncrease by	assumptionassumptionIncrease in assumption31st March 202131st March 2021100 base pointsDecrease by7.74%100 base pointsIncrease by8.82%100 base pointsIncrease by0.51%100 base pointsIncrease by0.01%Change in assumptionImpact on define Increase in assumption31st March 202031st March 20202020100 base pointsDecrease by7.89%100 base pointsIncrease by8.97%100 base pointsIncrease by0.26%	assumptionIncrease in assumptionDecrease in assumption31st March 202131st March 202131st March100 base pointsDecrease by7.74%Increase by100 base pointsIncrease by8.82%Decrease by100 base pointsIncrease by0.51%Decrease by100 base pointsIncrease by0.01%0.01%100 base in assumptionIncrease in assumptionDecrease in assumption31st March 202031st March 202031st March 202031st March 202031st March 202031st March 2020100 base pointsDecrease by7.89%100 base pointsIncrease by8.97%100 base pointsIncrease by0.26%100 base pointsIncrease by0.26%

Expected contributions to post-employment benefit plans for the year ending 31st March 2022 are INR 58.84.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 11.81 years (31 March 2020 11.98 years).

The following payments are expected contribution to the defined benefit plan in future years.

Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Within next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	44.53	65.57
Between 2 to 5 years	299.11	251.82
Beyond 5 years	1,739.60	1,565.00
Total	2,083.24	1,882.39

# Risk exposure

Through its defined benefit plans the company is exposed to a number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

# Asset volatility

The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to bond yields; if plan assets underperform this yield, this will create a deficit.

# Change in bond yields

A decrease in bond yields will create plan liabilities although this will be partially offset by an increase in the value of plan's bond holdings.

# 14. Deferred tax assets / liabilities (Net)

The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:

Particulars	As at	As at
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Property, Plant and equipment and Intangibles - Depreciation	324.05	330.05
Right-of-use assets	13.13	28.79
Lease liabilities	(14.27)	(29.93)
Contribution to PM CARES after year end before the due date	-	12.59
Others - MTM loss on forward contracts	-	(41.53)
Others - MTM loss on cash flow hedge	(14.72)	-
Others - expenses to be allowed on payment basis as per the	(88.62)	(69.65)
provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961		
Total Deferred Tax	219.57	230.32

## 15. Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Deferred revenue	1,017.15	999.51
Unclaimed dividend	59.61	15.58
Statutory dues	69.27	80.04
Trade deposits	24.47	25.29
Advance from customers	86.24	62.98
Total other current liabilities	1,256.74	1,183.40



(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# **16.** Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Sale of products	28,477.91	38,118.90
Sale of services	63.85	47.85
Other operating revenue	2,063.02	2,310.97
Total revenue	30,604.78	40,477.72

## 16.1 Disaggregated revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers are disaggregated into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. The Company identifies the product lines, amongst others to indicate the factors as mentioned above. The details of revenue from contracts with customers on the basis of various product lines are as under:

Dertieulere	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
A. Type of goods or service		
1. Sale of products	28,477.91	38,118.90
2. Sales of services	63.85	47.85
3. Other operating revenue	2,063.02	2,310.97
B. Timing of recognition of revenue		
1. At a point in time	30,409.85	40,321.48
2. Over time	194.93	156.24

16.2 The operations of the Company relate to only one segment viz., automotive components and tools. Thus, the information on the relationship between disaggregated revenue under Ind AS 115 and for reportable segment under Ind AS 108 is not required.

# 16.3 Reconciliation of contracts with customers

The following schedule gives the movement of contract liabilities for the reporting period.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Contract liabilities at the beginning of the period	999.51	827.54
Add / (Less) :		
Consideration received during the year as advance	212.57	328.21
Revenue recognized from contract liability	194.93	156.24
Contract liabilities at the end of the period	1,017.15	999.51

Payments are received in advance towards contracts entered with customers, and is recognised as a contract liability. As and when the performance obligation is met the same is recognized as revenue.

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 16.4 Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

The Company's contracts with customers are short term contracts with performance obligations that has an original expected duration of one year or less. Therefore, taking the practical expedient, the details on transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations are not disclosed.

# 16.5 Reconciliation of revenue with contract price

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Contract price	28,392.16	38,166.75
Adjustments :		
Sales Price adjustments (net)	149.60	-
Revenue from operations as per Statement of Profit and loss	28,541.76	38,166.75

# 17. Other income and other gains/(losses)

# (a) Other income

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Interest income on bank deposits	180.51	143.94
Interest income on advances	0.52	0.93
Lease rental	0.26	0.24
Liabilities no longer required written back	0.02	-
Total other income	181.31	145.11

## (b) Other gains / (losses)

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	46.98	6.14
Net foreign exchange gain	368.60	233.44
Total other gains / (losses)	415.58	239.58

## 18(a) Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Raw materials at the beginning of the year	2,020.43	3,002.12
Add: Purchases	23,250.51	23,750.51
Less: Raw materials at the end of the year	3,659.03	2,020.43
Total cost of material consumed	21,611.90	24,732.20



# 18(b). Changes in inventories of Work-in-progress and Finished Goods

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Opening Balance		
Work-in-progress	538.78	933.74
Finished goods	1,390.28	2,255.06
Total opening balance	1,929.06	3,188.80
Closing balance		
Work-in-progress	1,104.91	538.78
Finished goods	3,410.88	1,390.28
Total closing balance	4,515.79	1,929.06
Total changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods	(2,586.73)	1,259.74

# **19. Employee benefit expenses**

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Salaries, wages and bonus	4,677.29	4,590.04
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	225.34	273.99
Gratuity (refer note 13)	75.20	61.68
Staff welfare expenses	388.38	400.36
Total employee benefit expenses	5,366.21	5,326.07

# 20. Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment	821.34	992.51
Amortisation of right-of-use assets	62.22	107.65
Amortisation of Intangible assets	19.03	19.03
Total depreciation and amortisation expense	902.59	1,119.19

# Notes to Financial Statements (Contd.) (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 21. Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Faiticulais	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Consumption of stores, spares and tools	906.65	1,172.41
Power and fuel	1,251.40	1,350.23
Rent including lease rentals	18.99	22.20
Rates and taxes excluding tax on income	25.54	38.36
Repairs		
Building	148.32	144.43
Plant & machinery	420.75	521.89
Others	46.32	60.67
Insurance	74.52	59.76
Packing and carriage outwards	1,784.89	1,897.94
Directors' sitting fees	4.50	4.50
Loss on foreign exchange transaction	-	759.23
Payments to auditors (refer note 21(a) below)	24.10	28.73
Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibilities (Refer note	134.10	47.00
21(b) below)		
Miscellaneous expenses	599.78	744.80
Total other expenses	5,439.86	6,852.15

# 21(a) Details of payments to auditors

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
As auditor:		
Audit fee	15.00	15.00
Other services	8.50	12.50
Reimbursement of expenses	0.60	1.23
Total payments to auditors	24.10	28.73

# 21(b) Corporate Social Responsibility expenditure

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020
Contribution to Laxmi Charities	-	15.00
Contribution to Sundaram Medical Foundation	10.00	15.00
Contribution to PM Relief Fund	50.00	-
Contribution to Chief Minister Public Relief Fund	50.00	-
Contribution to Single Teachers schools (SVR)	5.00	15.00
Contribution to The Crafts Council of India	15.00	-
Others	4.10	2.00
Total	134.10	47.00

# Notes to Financial Statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)



Particulars	In Cash	Yet to be paid	Total
Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-	-
On purposes other than (i) above	134.10	-	134.10

## 22. Finance costs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Interest expense	40.14	144.33
Other borrowing costs	15.00	15.00
Interest on lease liabilities	8.35	16.73
Total finance cost	63.49	176.06

#### 23. Income tax expense

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Current tax on profits for the year	104.30	532.00
Decrease in deferred tax liabilities	3.97	(351.89)
Total income tax expenses	108.27	180.11

# (a) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2021	Year ended 31 March 2020
Profit before income tax expenses	404.34	1,397.00
Tax at the Indian tax rate of 25.17% (Previous year 25.17%)*	101.77	351.62
Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
- Corporate social responsibility expenditure	21.14	6.17
- Income not chargeable to tax	(11.49)	-
- Change in tax rates	-	(190.86)
- Other items	(3.15)	13.18
Income tax expenses	108.27	180.11

\* The Company opted to exercise the option permitted under Section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly, the Company has recognised provision for income tax and remeasured its Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) basis at the rate prescribed in the said section. The deferred tax impact of this change has been recognised fully in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 24. Fair value measurements

## Financial instruments by category and hierarchy

Particulars	Hierarchy		31 March	2021		31 Marcl	n 2020
		FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets							
Loans	Level 3	-	-	298.51	-	-	321.02
Trade receivables	Level 3	-	-	14,493.42	-	-	9,141.75
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 3	-	-	3,231.78	-	-	4,019.63
Bank balances other than above	Level 3	-	-	16.55			15.58
Other financial assets	Level 2	-	7.10	-	-	-	-
Total		-	7.10	18,040.26	-	-	13,497.98
Financial Liabilities							
Borrowings	Level 3	-	-	7,700.95	-	-	4,700.47
Trade payables	Level 3	-	-	9,085.12	-	-	4,266.38
Other financial liabilities	Level 2 / Level 3		65.57	828.72	164.48	-	396.25
Total		-	65.57	17,614.79	164.48	-	9,363.10

# (i) Fair value hierarchy

- Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments. The fair value of equity instrument which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period.
- **Level 2:** The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example forward contracts) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.
- Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

## (ii) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Derivative instruments are at values determined by counter parties / banks using the market observable data.

The carrying amounts of trade receivable, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and other financial assets are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short term nature.

The carrying amounts of short-term borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short term nature.

There are no transfers between level 1, level 2 and level 3 during the year.

## 25. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts are entered to hedge foreign currency risk exposures. Derivatives are exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.

# (A) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with bank and credit exposures to customers including outstanding receivables.



## (i) Credit risk management

Credit risk on balances with bank is mitigated by depositing the funds with reputed private sector banks.

For trade receivables, the primary source of credit risk is that these are unsecured. The Company's customers are established OEM's and there have been no defaults in the past. The Company sells the products to the customer only when the collection is certain. The credit risk is monitored on a on-going basis throughout the reporting period. Based on the credit assessment, the Company expects a low trend of defaults as at the balance sheet. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on a individual basis for major clients. Any recoverability of receivables is provided for based on the assessment. Based on the credit risk assessment and historical trend, the company had no significant credit risk as at 31 March 2021.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counter party are banks with high credit ratings.

Management believes that the COVID-19 pandemic situation would not materially affect recovery of trade receivables, as significant receivables are due from OEM's with no past defaults. The measures taken by the government to contain the spread of the pandemic might result in some of the collections being delayed, which has been factored in the estimate of expected credit losses.

# (ii) Provision for expected credit loss

#### Year ended 31 March 2021

Ageing	Not due	0 - 30 days past due	31 - 60 days past due	61 - 90 days past due	91 - 180 days past due	180 days to 365 days past due	More than 365 days past due	Total
Gross carrying	11,877.95	1,804.56	682.63	82.95	25.43	4.80	15.10	14,493.42
amount								
Loss provision								
specifically								
identified and								
provided								
Carrying amount	11,877.95	1,804.56	682.63	82.95	25.43	4.80	15.10	14,493.42
of trade receivable								
(net of impairment)								

## (a) Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

## Year ended 31 March 2020

## (a) Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

Ageing	Not due	0 - 30 days past due	31 - 60 days past due	61 - 90 days past due	91 - 180 days past due	180 days to 365 days past due	More than 365 days past due	Total
Gross carrying amount	6,158.07	1,844.19	984.25	44.93	62.66	45.50	2.15	9,141.75
Loss provision specifically identified and provided	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Carrying amount of trade receivable (net of impairment)	6,158.07	1,844.19	984.25	44.93	62.66	45.50	2.15	9,141.75

# (B) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of commited credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position (comprising undrawn borrowing facilities) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows.

# (i) Financing arrangements

The Company has the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Floating rate		
- Expiring within one year (Bank loan facility)	1,133.09	2,967.23

# (ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undisclosed cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Total
31 March 2021						
Borrowings	5,864.25	1,836.70	-	-	-	7,700.95
Lease liabilities	15.24	15.24	17.10	7.89	5.41	60.88
Trade payables	9,085.12	-	-	-	-	9,085.12
Other financial liabilities:						
- Current maturities of long term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Interest accrued and due on borrowings	0.65	-	-	-	-	0.65
- Capital creditors	120.77	-	-	-	-	120.77
- Due to director	1.45	-	-	-	-	1.45
- Due to employees	523.07	-	-	-	-	523.07
Total non-derivative liabilities	15,610.55	1,851.94	17.10	7.89	5.41	17,492.89

# Notes to Financial Statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Total
31 March 2020						
Borrowings	3792.45	908.02	-		-	4,700.47
Lease liabilities	18.33	15.24	30.50	47.59	13.31	124.97
Trade payables	4266.38	-	-	-	-	4,266.38
Other financial liabilities:						
- Current maturities of long term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Interest accrued and due on borrowings	0.93	-	-	-	-	0.93
- Capital creditors	159.46	-	-	-	-	159.46
- Due to director	6.29	8.06	-	-	-	6.29
- Due to employees	229.57	-	-	-	-	229.57
Total non-derivative liabilities	8473.41	931.32	30.50	47.59	13.31	9488.07

## (C) Market Risk

## (i) Foreign currency risk

The Company's activities expose it to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions in USD. The foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency (INR). The risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable foreign currency cash flows. The objective of the hedges is to minimise the volatility of the INR cash flows of highly probable transactions.

The Company's risk management policy is to hedge 100% of the forecasted foreign currency. In the month of March 2021, the Company has adopted hedge accounting. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged, and the type of hedge relationship designated.

# Cash Flow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting:

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in the other comprehensive income in cash flow hedging reserve within equity, limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item on a present value basis from the inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss, within other gains/(losses).

The Company also imports certain materials which are denominated significantly in USD which exposes it to foreign currency risk.



# (a) Foreign currency risk exposure:

The company's exposure of foreign currency risk in USD currency at the end of the reporting period is expressed in INR are as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Financial assets		
Trade receivable	3,514.53	2,970.59
Derivative assets:		
Foreign exchange forward contracts:	-	-
Sell foreign currency	(52,105.17)	(9,164.76)
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (assets)	(48,590.65)	(6,194.17)
Financial liabilities		
Foreign currency loan facility	3,366.91	3,032.77
Trade payables	177.81	239.05
Derivative liabilities:		
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-
Buy foreign currency	-	-
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (liabilities)	3,544.72	3,271.82

# (b) Sensitivity

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax		
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	
USD sensitivity			
INR/USD - Increase by 5%	177.24	163.59	
INR/USD - Decrease by 5%	(177.24)	(163.59)	

## (ii) Interest rate risk

The exposure of Company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Variable rate borrowing	-	-
Fixed rate borrowing	7,700.95	4,700.47
Total borrowing	7,700.95	4,700.47



# (D) Hedge Accounting

# **Derivative financial instruments**

The Company holds derivative financial instruments like forward contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in exchange rates on foreign currency exposures. The counter party for these contracts is generally a bank. These derivative financial instruments are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the market place.

Particulars	31 March 2021	
Nominal value	52,105.17	
Carrying amount of hedging instrument	(58.47)	
Maturity date	May 2021 to Feb 2024	
Hedge ratio	1:1	
Weighted average strike price/rate – USD/INR	78.47	
Changes in the fair value of hedging instrument	(58.47)	
Change in the value of hedged item used as the basis for recognising	58.47	
hedge effectiveness		

Particulars	31 March 2021
Less than one year	17,945.63
More than 1 year	34,159.54
Total	52,105.17

The Company has designated all the forward contracts as cash flow hedges from March 2021 to mitigate the risk of foreign exchange exposure on highly probable forecast cash transactions. The related hedge transactions, for balance in cash flow hedge reserve as at March 31, 2021, are expected to occur and reclassified to the Statement of profit and loss on occurrence of the related forecast transaction.

The reconciliation of effective portion of cash flow hedges is as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2021	
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	
Gain/(loss) recognised in other comprehensive income during the year	(58.47)	
Amount reclassified to Statement of profit and loss during the year	-	
Tax impact on above	14.72	
Balance at the end of the year	(43.75)	

# Disclosure of effect of hedge accounting on financial performance

Type of Hedge and risks	Changes in the value of hedging instrument recongised in other comprehensive income	Hedge ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedging reserve to profit or loss	line item affected in the statement of profit and loss because of the reclassification
March 31, 2021	(58.47)	-	-	Revenue
Forward Contracts				

# Hedge ineffectiveness

Hedge ineffectiveness is determined at the inception of the hedge relationship, and through periodic prospective effectiveness to ensure that an economic relationship exist between the hedged item and hedging instrument. There was no hedge ineffectiveness during the year ended March 31, 2021.

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Fair Valuation Techniques and Inputs used - recurring Items

Financial assets/	Fair val			Valuation technique(s)	
financial liabilities	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	hierarchy	and key input(s)	
Fair value hierarchy - Level 2	58.47	-	Level 2	Refer note below	
(a) Forward Contracts					

Derivatives value here represents Marked to Market value.

Level 2 instruments are based on the MTM valuation based on forward exchange rates, contract forward and interest rates, observable yield curves.

#### 26. Capital management

#### (a) Risk management

The company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual master planning and budgeting and five year's corporate plan for working capital, capital outlay and long-term product and strategic involvements. The funding requirements are met through equity, internal accruals and a combination of both long-term and short-term borrowings.

The company monitors the capital structure on the basis of total debt to equity and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the company.

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Net Debt	(4,525.87)	(799.76)
Total Equity	13,552.10	13,684.71
Net Debt to equity ratio	(0.33)	(0.06)

#### (i) Loan covenants

There are no financial covenants on borrowings outstanding as at the year end.

## (b) Dividends

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
(i) Equity shares		
Final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020,	382.27	1,019.37
INR 1.50 (31 March 2019 - INR 4.00) per fully		
paid share		
DDT on final dividend*	-	209.55
(ii) Dividends not recognised at the end of the reporting		
period		
In addition to the above dividends, since year end the	-	382.27
directors have recommended the payment of a final		
dividend for 31 March 2020 - INR 1.50. This proposed		
dividend is subject to the approval of shareholders in		
the ensuing annual general meeting.		

\*\* The Finance Act 2020 has repealed the Dividend Distribution Tax (DDT). Companies are now required to pay/distribute dividend.



# 27. Segment information

## (a) Description of segments and principal activities

The Company is in the manufacturing of Axle housing for global vehicle manufacturers with sales in India and outside India.

The chairman and managing director of the company (CODM) along with the Board of Directors of the Company evaluates the company performance, allocates resources based on analysis of various performance indicators of the Company as a single unit. Therefore there is no reportable segment for the company. The company is domiciled in India.

#### (b) Entity wide disclosures

## (i) Revenue from geographical areas

The segment revenue is measured in the same way as in the statement of profit or loss:

	31 March 2021			31 March 2020	)	
Particulars	Total	Within	Outside	Total	Within	Outside
		India	India		India	India
Segment revenue by	30,604.78	21,617.53	8,987.25	40,477.72	27,008.99	13,468.73
location of customers						

All non-current assets are within India.

## (ii) Information about major customers

Revenues of INR 26,881.46 (31 March 2020 - INR 31,128.42) are derived from major customers.

## 28. Related party transaction

## (a) Names of related parties and nature of relationship

## Jointly controlled by:

Sundaram Finance Holdings Limited

Wheels India Limited

Dana Global Products Inc

## Subsidiaries of Jointly controlled Entities

Dana Automotive Systems Group LLC

Dana Commercial Vehicle Mfg.LLc

Dana Commercial Vehicle Prod. LLC

Dana Heavy Vehicle Systems Group

## **Key Managerial Personnel**

Mr. V Madhavan

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## (a) Transactions with related parties

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
The following transactions occurred with jointly controlled		
entities:		
Sale of goods		
Wheels India Limited	40.25	6.46
Dana Automotive Systems Group LLC	0.95	-
Dana Commercial Vehicle Mfg.LLc	2,400.79	-
Dana Commercial Vehicle Prod. LLC	5,669.28	-
Purchase of goods		
Wheels India Limited	4.82	3.47
Dana Heavy Vehicle Systems Group	5.32	-
Receiving of services		
Wheels India Limited	7.50	13.55
Rendering of services		
Wheels India Limited	63.85	47.84
Dividend paid :		
Sundaram Finance Holdings Limited	148.38	395.67
Wheels India Limited	36.37	96.99
Dana Global Products Inc	184.75	492.66

#### (b) Key managerial personnel compensation

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Remuneration, perquisites and commission*	73.27	78.10

\* As gratuity and compensated absences are computed for all the employees in aggregate, the amounts relating to Key Managerial Personnel cannot be individually identified.

# (c) Outstanding receivable balances as at year end

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Wheels India Limited	11.53	6.81
Dana Commercial Vehicle Mfg.LLC	878.34	-
Dana Commercial Vehicle Prod. LLC	2325.82	-

## (d) Outstanding payable balances as at year end

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Dana Commercial Vehicle Prod. LLC	182.78	-
Key Managerial personnel	1.45	6.28

## 29. Contingent liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts:		
(excluding interest)		
- Income tax matters	69.23	69.23
- Sales tax matters	406.37	220.22
- Labour related issues	41.24	31.43
- Claims made by electricity department	44.31	44.31



The company is contesting the demands and the management, including its tax advisors and legal consultant, believe that its position will be likely upheld in the appellate process. No tax expense has been accrued in the financial statements for the tax demand raised. The management believes that the ultimate outcome of this proceeding will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

The Company has evaluated the impact of the Supreme Court Judgment in case of "Vivekananda Vidyamandir And Others Vs The Regional Provident Fund Commissioner (II) West Bengal" and the related circular (Circular No. C-I/1(33)2019/Vivekananda Vidya Mandir/284) dated March 20, 2019 issued by the Employees' Provident Fund Organisation in relation to non-exclusion of certain allowances from the definition of "basic wages" of the relevant employees for the purposes of determining contribution to provident fund under the Employees' Provident Funds & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. In the assessment of the management, the aforesaid matter is not likely to have a significant impact and accordingly, no provision has been made in these Financial Statements.

# 30. Commitments

# (a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Property, plant and equipment	151.74	179.38

# 31. Earnings per share

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
(a) Basic earnings per share		
Basic earnings per share attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	0.98	4.52
(b) Diluted earnings per share		
Diluted earnings per share attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	0.98	4.52
(c) Profit attributable to equity holders of the company used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	249.66	1,152.33
(d) Weighted average number of equity shares used as a denominator in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	2,54,90,646	2,54,90,646

# Notes to Financial Statements (Contd.)

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 32. Assets pledged as security

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

Particulars	Notes	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Current			
Non-financial assets			
First Charge			
Inventories	7	9,236.52	4,832.89
Financial assets			
First Charge			
Trade Receivables	5(b)	14,493.42	9,141.75
Cash and bank balances	5(d)	16.55	15.58
Other Financial assets	5(e)	7.10	-
Loans	5(c)	59.19	62.71
Other current assets	9	335.68	380.29
Total current assets pledged as security		24,148.46	14,433.22
Non-Current			
Second Charge			
Property, plant and equipment	3	5,985.37	6,651.88
Total non-current assets pledged as security		5,985.37	6,651.88
Total assets pledged as security		30,133.83	21,085.10

# 33. Dues to micro and small enterprises\*

The Company has certain dues to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act'). The disclosures pursuant to the said MSMED Act are as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
	Current	Current
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	310.38	80.88
Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year	-	-
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid, other than under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments already made	-	-
Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	-	-

\* As certified by the Company



# 34. Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic

The COVID 19 pandemic is unprecedented and measures to contain it caused significant disturbances and slow down of economic activity. The Company operations and financial results for the first and second guarter have been adversely impacted due to scaling down/suspension of operations across all plants due to supply chain constraints, shortage of workforce and various safety measures taken across all areas of operation.

The operations resumed gradually and have revived at a better pace as the year progressed. The company being in the medium and heavy commercial vehicle segment of the automobile industry is facing several challenges with advent of the unprecedented conditions posed by the pandemic. The demand for trucks improved in the second half of the year and is expected to increase in FY 22.

In assessing the recoverability of various assets including property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories, receivables and its obligations, the Company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of financial statements including potential revision to sales commitments and customer orders, liquidity and solvency position for the Company for the ensuing twelve months and economic forecasts relevant to the Company. The Company based on current indicators of future economic conditions and factors mentioned above, expects to recover the carrying amount of its assets and meet its obligations. The Company has relied on the available information and assumptions, as at the date of approval of the financial statements, to arrive at its estimates.

The impact of the pandemic may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of the financial statements, consequent to the highly uncertain economic environment and the Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions and to carry out a definitive reassessment of the impact as circumstances evolve.

- 35. A portion of the land belonging to the Company at Sriperumbudur has been acquired by the State Government for widening the highway. During the current year, the Company received receipts from the Tamil Nadu Highways Department relating to the acquisition that has been disclosed under net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment. Refer note 17(b).
- 36. Previous year's figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to conform to this year's classification to enable better comparability and presentation.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009 Chartered Accountants Arun Kumar R Partner Membership Number: 211867 Chennai 19 May 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors S Ram V Madhavan Chairman Managing Director DIN: 00018309

Y Krishnamoorthy Chief Financial Officer Chennai 19 May 2021

DIN: 07548156

C Bharathi Company Secretary Membership Number: F9406

9 31.3.18 31.3.17	31.3.19
47505.91 41359.18	62104.98
2548.88 2548.88	2548.88
8342.79 6711.67	11212.42
0 3418.21 2277.79	5855.29
. 2231.36 1491.63	3805.64
764.53 840.97	1019.37
30.00% 33.00%	40.00%

**Financial Summary - Last Ten Years** 

# Dividend on cumulative preference shares

**39<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL REPORT** 

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